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BOOKS RECEIVED

THE ANGELO HERNDON CASE AND SOUTHERN JUSTICE. By *Charles M. Martin*. Baton Rouge, Louisiana: Louisiana State University Press, 1976. Pp. xx, 234. \$10.95. Free speech and other civil liberties evolved painfully in the history of this country. The struggle became focused in the 1930's case of Angelo Herndon, a young, articulate, black Communist organizer, charged with the violation of the 1869 Georgian insurrection statute. Analyzing the social, legal and political currents of the turbulent thirties, Mr. Martin takes the reader through the five-year legal battle that ended in the United States Supreme Court where the statute was held unconstitutional and in violation of the first amendment guarantee of free speech.

BIOGRAPHICAL DICTIONARY OF THE FEDERAL JUDICIARY. By *Harold Chase, Samuel Krislov, Keith O. Boyum, and Jerry N. Clark*. Detroit, Michigan: Gale Research Company, 1976. Pp. xxvi, 381. \$38.00. This dictionary of United States federal judges, from 1789 to 1974, provides a comprehensive data source for both scholars of law, politics, history, and the judicial process, and lawyers, journalists, and students with a more casual interest in the backgrounds of particular judges. Included in each biographical summary are judge-ships held, educational background, family data, bar affiliations, legal, government, and political positions, and miscellaneous organization memberships and professional accomplishments. Also included is a useful introductory essay, "Perspectives on Biographical Data on the Federal Judiciary," which synthesizes and discusses the significance of the backgrounds of federal judges.

THE BUFFALO CREEK DISASTER. By *Gerald M. Stern, Esq.* New York, New York: Random House, Inc., 1976. Pp. x, 274. \$8.95. Mr. Stern presents an enlightening account of the facts surrounding one of the largest lawsuits in United States history. The author relates his experiences in the legal representation of those who survived the collapse of a coal company's refuse pile dam. Beyond the opportunity to witness the complexities involved in a major litigation, the reader is afforded a useful portrayal of "investigative lawyering" and how it was used to gather evidence demonstrating the defendant company's reckless conduct.

CORPORATE LIVES: A JOURNEY INTO THE CORPORATE WORLD. By *George deMare* with *Joanne Summerfield*. New York, New York: Van Nostrand Reinhold Company, 1976. Pp. xii, 202. \$9.95. This book, a compilation of the life stories of several corporate executives, is the first of a projected series of studies examining contemporary lifestyles. Presenting a collection of representative corporate lives, not limited to those of storybook successes or embittered failures, the author conveys a realistic sense of corporate life. The reader is provided with a collection of experiences which give insight into the costs and benefits of success in the corporate world.

CORPORATE SOCIAL RESPONSIVENESS: THE MODERN DILEMMA. By *Robert Ackerman* and *Raymond Bauer*. Reston, Virginia: Reston Publishing Company, Inc./Prentice-Hall Company, 1976. Pp. xiii, 466. \$8.95, paperbound. In the late sixties and early seventies, the growing social and political consciousness in the United States was manifested in urban riots, equal employment opportunity legislation, consumerism and concern over the environment. The authors, confronted with the paucity of literature on the dynamics of corporate social responsiveness from a managerial point of view, analyze the corporation's present role in society and provide a framework for the development of corporate responses to social demands. The book, directed to those engaged in the formulation of business policy, is intended to provide the reader with a greater awareness of the problems facing, and solutions available to, corporate management in its efforts to satisfy the demand for effective social responsibility.

"FIRST DO NO HARM . . ." By *Natalee S. Greenfield*. New York, New York: Two Continents Publishing Group Ltd./Sun River Press, 1976. Pp. 164. \$7.95. The author provides an emotional narrative of a young woman's fight against a breast malignancy induced by the use of birth control pills. She includes a verbatim account of the legal battle waged during a malpractice suit against the manufacturers of the pills and the two doctors responsible for administering them. Although the book is written principally for the layman, it may be of interest to the attorney handling malpractice or product liability suits involving drug safety.

FREEDOM SPENT. By *Richard Harris*. Boston, Massachusetts: Little, Brown and Co., 1976. Pp. ix, 450. \$12.95. This account

of the dramatic legal battles of six Americans who refused to surrender passively those freedoms guaranteed them by the Bill of Rights is a passionate combination of law, history and human experience. By detailing the cases of Charles James, a teacher dismissed for wearing a black armband to protest the Vietnam war, Margaret and Alan McSurely, jailed for sedition, and Ellen Guise and Terri Turgeon, jailed for refusing to testify, the author exposes the erosion of our inalienable rights. Mr. Harris urges us to resist the feeling of powerlessness before government and to realize that the American people are still the repository of power in the United States. Although the three cases the author recounts are personal, they represent a fight for liberty which affects us all.

LETTER TO THE PRESIDENT ON CRIME CONTROL. By *Norval Morris* and *Gordon Hawkins*. Chicago, Illinois: University of Chicago Press, 1977. Pp. 96. \$1.95, paperbound. In this open letter to the President of the United States on Inauguration Day, 1977, two authorities in the field of criminal law argue that crime is America's major domestic problem and recommend a federal program for its reduction. Norval Morris is Julius Kreeger Professor of Law and Criminology and Dean of the University of Chicago Law School. Gordon Hawkins is a visiting fellow and research consultant at the University of Chicago Law School and an associate professor of criminology at the University of Sydney Law School. Together they have produced a rational set of proposals, briskly expounded in layman's terms interspersed with supporting studies and statistics. Specific priorities and recommendations are presented, alternatives evaluated and conclusions developed as the authors address the subjects of gun control, drug abuse, police, courts, corrections, and compensation for victims of violent crime. The resulting "letter" is highly readable and should be of interest to all.

LIVING TOGETHER: A GUIDE TO THE LAW FOR UNMARRIED COUPLES. By *Barbara B. Hirsch*. Boston, Massachusetts: Houghton Mifflin Company, 1976. Pp. 115. \$3.95, paperbound. This book deals with a topic which, though of great relevance, is often seriously misunderstood. *Living Together* is an attempt by an experienced trial attorney to elucidate the status of the law concerning "consortium" as contrasted with the law pertaining to marriage. Such important issues

as adoption of and inheritance by children of unmarried parents, property ownership, insurance, employment discrimination, social security benefits, military service, and payment of taxes are discussed through a review of current cases decided in these areas. The author concludes with a proposed, nonbinding consortium contract as a guideline for those who have agreed to live together.

ROGUES, REBELS, AND REFORMERS: A POLITICAL HISTORY OF URBAN CRIME AND CONFLICT. By *Ted Robert Gurr*. Beverly Hills, California: Sage Publications, Inc., 1976. Pp. xii, 192. \$10.00. It is commonly believed that crime declined in Western cities during the nineteenth century and has increased through the twentieth century, reflecting the "fact" that urban society has become more disorderly. In an effort to find the roots of the apparent decline in public order, the author examines the relationship between crime and the policies and institutions by which public order is defined and established, using data gathered from four cities. The real rise in crime, Mr. Gurr concludes, is a result of the decrease in the number of activities the society is willing to tolerate. In addition, as society grows more complex, the number of conflicting interests increases and the amount of disorder inevitably rises. Only repressive measures can stem the rise of social disorder, he continues, leaving society with a fundamental question: Are the costs of social disorder more bearable than the costs of order? This book offers an interesting critique on the popular conceptions and misconceptions about crime and should provide thought-provoking reading for lawyer and layman alike.

STATE COURT ADMINISTRATORS: QUALIFICATIONS AND RESPONSIBILITIES. By *Rachel N. Doan* and *Robert A. Shapiro*. Chicago, Illinois: American Judicature Society, 1976. Pp. 143. \$3.45, paperbound. This informative guide is based on the responses to a questionnaire sent to the Office of State Court Administrator in each of the fifty states, the District of Columbia and Puerto Rico. The questions concerned all areas of state court administration. This book is divided into three parts, providing the reader with (1) an overview of state court administration, containing an explanation of the methodology of the survey and a copy of the questionnaire

sent to each separate court administrator, (2) a state-by-state listing of the responses to the questionnaire, and (3) a series of charts comparing court administration in the different states.

WHERE DO JUDGES COME FROM? By *Cynthia Owen Philip, Paul Nejelski, and Artic Press*. New York, New York: Institute of Judicial Administration, 1976. Pp. ix, 132, appendices. \$3.50, paperbound. The 1973 and 1974 elections for New York Court of Appeals judgeships offered unique opportunities to analyze the judicial selection process. Confronted with the first contested election for Chief Judge of the Court of Appeals in fifty-seven years, the Institute of Judicial Administration embarked on this three-year in-depth study. The authors develop a day-by-day account of the hotly contested 1973 election, illuminating many of the fundamental problems of judicial elections. The book, which also examines judicial reform proposals offered during the campaigns and subsequent support for those proposals, will be relevant to the growing controversy over the election of state court judges.

OTHER PUBLICATIONS

CORPORATE READJUSTMENTS AND REORGANIZATIONS. By *Walter J. Blum and Stanley A. Kaplan*. Mineola, New York: The Foundation Press, Inc., 1976. Pp. xxxii, 810. \$17.50.

THE DISPOSAL OF LIBERTY AND OTHER INDUSTRIAL WASTES. By *Edgar Z. Friedenberg*. Garden City, New York: Anchor Press/Doubleday and Company, Inc., 1976. Pp. xviii, 196. \$2.95, paperbound.

THE LAW OF CORPORATIONS: WHAT CORPORATE LAWYERS DO. By *Jan G. Deutsch and Joseph J. Bianco*. Mineola, New York: The Foundation Press, Inc., 1976. Pp. xxix, 988. \$19.50.

LEGISLATIVE AND ADMINISTRATIVE PROCESSES. By *Hans A. Linde and George Bunn*. Mineola, New York: The Foundation Press, Inc., 1976. Pp. lxxii, 987. \$20.50.

POLICY ANALYSES OF THE FEDERAL INCOME TAX: TEXT AND READINGS. By *William A. Klein*. Mineola, New York: The Foundation Press, Inc., 1976. Pp. xxxi, 614. \$14.50.

THE RIA COMPLETE ANALYSIS OF THE '76 TAX REFORM LAW. By
Tax Research Institute of America, Inc., 1976. Pp. 272. \$7.95,
paperbound.